

彰師附工 105 學年度 英文科競試 高職三暨綜三孝仁愛 (請畫卡)

一、文意字彙 30%

1. The factory which discharged polluted water posed a major \_\_\_\_ to the environment nearby. As a result, many people living there got sick.  
(A)threat (B)record (C)rescue (D)pile
2. All of the people \_\_\_\_\_ in the murder case were arrested by the police.  
(A)involved (B)informal (C)influential (D)ideal
3. Judy's colleagues \_\_\_\_\_ her on her beautiful new hairstyle, which made her look much younger.  
(A)complimented (B)commanded (C)contributed (D)combined
4. Traveling provides many writers with a lot of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)explanation (B)inspiration (C)admiration (D)competition
5. It's very difficult for Randy to resist the \_\_\_\_\_ of the delicious cake because he has a sweet tooth.  
(A)tribe (B)talent (C)trait (D)temptation
6. Many people living in the city are \_\_\_\_\_ of camping because they can fully enjoy the beauty of nature in this way.  
(A)negative (B)fond (C)elegant (D)effective
7. The wanted man hid his true \_\_\_\_\_ and pretended to be someone else so that he wouldn't be put in jail.  
(A)disguise (B)reaction (C)identity (D)pride
8. When playing games, the teacher always divides the class into several groups.  
(A)swells (B)sticks (C)splits (D)strikes
9. In my view, students should have the rights to express whether they want to wear uniforms to school.  
(A)opinion (B)pursuit (C)imagination (D)resource
10. It is incredible that the slim girl can eat twenty hamburgers at one time.  
(A)unpleasant (B)unbelievable (C)unfamiliar (D)unfortunate
11. Jimmy looked very tired this morning. It was apparent that he didn't sleep well last night.  
(A)obvious (B)official (C)offensive (D)optimistic
12. The war \_\_\_\_\_ Tim's dream of living a quiet and peaceful life with his family.  
(A)got together (B)caught up on (C)wiped out (D)went with

13. The driver's recklessness led to a terrible traffic accident.  
(A)occurred to (B)cheered up (C)resulted in (D)called for
14. The Internet is convenient but it may \_\_\_\_\_ us \_\_\_\_\_ if we use it in the wrong way.  
(A)wake; up (B)make; into (C)turn; into (D)trip; up
15. David spent much time preparing for the test, but his effort was \_\_\_\_\_. He didn't pass the test in the end.  
(A)one of a kind (B)in vain (C)keep in mind (D)in their presence

二、對話 12%

16. Betty: You're a very outgoing person, aren't you?  
Robert: Most of the time, yes. But I can be very shy at times.  
Betty: Really? \_\_\_\_\_  
Robert: Like when I talk to a beautiful girl like you.  
(A)Have you talked to someone? (B)You are not alone.  
(C)In what kind of situation? (D)Don't be so silly.
17. A: I can hardly believe it. I won first prize in the singing competition.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ You have prepared for it for a long time.  
A: I appreciate what you said. That means a lot to me.  
(A)You are too shy. (B)You deserve it.  
(C)I am wondering about the reason. (D)You got me.
18. A: What kinds of movies do you like best?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ The emotion shown in the movies always touches me.  
(A)Toy story is the next best thing. (B)I have no interest in horror movies.  
(C)The movie is a box office hit. (D)Romance movies always attract me.
19. A: I want to buy a new watch.  
B: Are you sure? \_\_\_\_\_  
A: But I need another one to go with my shirt.  
(A)You already have one. (B)You just can't live without it.  
(C)It is one of a kind. (D)Go ahead then.
20. A: I have no idea what to wear to the party. \_\_\_\_\_  
B: How about a red dress? I believe you will look great in red.

- (A)What's the matter? (B)Anything else?  
 (C)How about going alone? (D)What do you suggest?

21. A: Do you know Kate and Daisy had a fight yesterday?

B: Yeah, but what for?

A: They had different views on the new project.

B: In fact, their ideas are both great. If they can see the other's strengths and work together, \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A)they can be great partners (B)they are very frustrated  
 (C)they have many weak points (D)they certainly become annoyed

三、文法選擇 16%

22. Ann has never been to Africa, and \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A)Judy doesn't, either. (B)Judy does, either.  
 (C)neither has Judy. (D) neither hasn't Judy.

23.Teddy seems \_\_\_\_\_ the song very much. He listens to it every day.

- (A) likes (B)liking (C)liked (D) to like

24. Jane seldom makes mistakes, \_\_\_\_\_?

- (A)does she (B)doesn't she (C)does her (D) doesn't her

25.It was a love letter \_\_\_\_\_ Jason gave to Cindy yesterday.

- (A) when (B)who (C)that (D)what

26.Washing clothes \_\_\_\_\_ one of the woman's daily routines.

- (A)is (B)are (C) be (D) being

27. Molly dances as \_\_\_\_\_ as a professional dancer.

- (A) beautiful (B) beautifully (C) more beautiful (D) more beautifully

28. Neither Vicky nor I \_\_\_\_\_ tall.

- (A) am (B) are (C) is (D) be

29. Having prepared all the necessary ingredients,\_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) the dish is ready to be cooked (B) the food can be cooked now  
 (C) the recipe should be followed step by step (D) you can then start to cook them together

四、克漏字測驗 (30-35 每題 2 分, 36-55 每題 1 分) 32%

(1) When it comes \_\_(30)\_\_ a foreign language, colloquial phrases are always what confuse

people most. I used to have difficulty \_\_(31)\_\_ these phrases because some of them didn't make sense when I interpreted them word for word. For example, I was \_\_(32)\_\_ when an American friend once said "shut up" to me. I \_\_(33)\_\_ to hear that before I told her how cheap many tropical fruits were in Taiwan. Hearing her words, I immediately stopped \_\_(34)\_\_. My friend was sensitive enough \_\_(35)\_\_ my strange behavior. She instantly explained to me that the phrase "shut up" was used to express astonishment. In the past, it had never occurred to me how flexible a language can be. After her explanation, I finally realized that there can be a big difference between the literal and actual meanings of many colloquial phrases.

30. (A) learn (B) learning (C) to learn (D) to learning  
 31. (A) understand (B) understanding (C) to understand (D) by understanding  
 32. (A) surprise (B) surprised (C) surprising (D) being surprising  
 33. (A) don't expect (B) haven't expected  
 (C) hadn't expected (D) wasn't expected  
 34. (A) talk (B) talked (C) to talk (D) talking  
 35. (A) detect (B) to detect (C) detecting (D) to detecting

(2) The song "We Are the World" was a hit over thirty years ago. Actually, it was a song \_\_(36)\_\_by Michael Jackson and Lionel Richie to provide help for the starvation in Africa. Millions of dollars \_\_(37)\_\_ for the people in Africa due to their effort. This song also reminded the world \_\_(38)\_\_ human beings are a big family and thus should help each other.

In 2010, this song was recorded again because of the disaster in Haiti. A terrible earthquake claimed the lives of thousands of people and \_\_(39)\_\_ a million others become homeless. It didn't \_\_(40)\_\_ long for American singers to take action. They sang and released the single. Unfortunately, Michael Jackson didn't sing this song because he \_\_(41)\_\_ in 2009. If Michael Jackson \_\_(42)\_\_, he might have sung in this single as well. Though people in these areas experienced \_\_(43)\_\_ pain and loss, they were able to stand on their own feet again because of the love from the whole world.

36. (A) writes (B) writing (C) written (D) wrote  
 37. (A) raised (B) were raised (C) raising (D) raise  
 38. (A) it (B) who (C) what (D) that  
 39. (A) left (B) took (C) got (D) made

40. (A) cost (B) wait (C) take (D) spend  
 41. (A) passed away (B) passed out (C) passed on (D) passed down  
 42. (A) not die (B) had not died (C) was dead (D) was dying  
 43. (A) a large number of (B) the number of (C) the amount of (D) a great deal of

(3) A few years ago, when my boss and I were visiting Asia, I was asked \_\_ (44) \_\_ a gift for our client. I bought a letter opener, but my boss didn't look happy. I didn't realize \_\_ (45) \_\_ was wrong with it until my boss explained it to me. He said gift-giving customs are different between cultures. It would be \_\_ (46) \_\_ to give a gift like that to Asian people. \_\_ (47) \_\_, the way a gift is presented also shows \_\_ (48) \_\_ highly you value the relationship. Then, I realized that giving gifts to others was not as easy as I thought.

44. (A) to choose (B) chosen (C) chose (D) choosing  
 45. (A) that (B) which (C) how (D) what  
 46. (A) proper (B) offensive (C) polite (D) perfect  
 47. (A) Moreover (B) Instead (C) Thus (D) However  
 48. (A) which (B) why (C) how (D) what

(4) Slogans help \_\_ (49) \_\_ products. Some slogans use inspiring phrases. Others \_\_ (50) \_\_ words. \_\_ (51) \_\_ try to be short and clear. For instance, "Just Do It" is a slogan used by Nike. It has successfully made Nike an international company \_\_ (52) \_\_ the slogan started in the 1980s. At that time, Nike had a hard time struggling against its competitors. \_\_ (53) \_\_ Nike needed was a new advertisement to attract more customers. One day, during their meeting, a worker from the advertising agency spoke, "You Nike guys, you just do it." to show his admiration for the company. \_\_ (54) \_\_, Nike greatly increased its market share in less than a year just \_\_ (55) \_\_ the slogan. .

49. (A) sell (B) sold (C) selling (D) to selling  
 50. (A) turn out (B) are used to (C) make up to (D) play with  
 51. (A) Another (B) Still others (C) The others (D) Still another  
 52. (A) despite (B) because of (C) ever since (D) instead of  
 53. (A) Where (B) All that (C) Who (D) It  
 54. (A) Surprised (B) Surprising (C) Surprises (D) Surprisingly  
 55. (A) believe in (B) look forward to (C) in spite of (D) as a result of

五、閱讀測驗 10%

The Japanese are said to have many customs and rules of giving gifts. There are many important rules that both gift givers and receivers must be careful about. If the rules are not followed, the good intention of giving gifts might turn out to be offense.

For example, on many important occasions, a person must never attract attention when he or she gives a gift. Also, the gift is usually carefully covered in plain wrapping paper without ribbons so that it cannot be easily detected to be a gift. What's more, the gift is best given near the end of a meeting when the giver is alone with the receiver.

Besides, it's better to say that the gift is nothing important. This act shows that the very careful practice of giving a gift is more important than the gift itself. Moreover, it's rude to open a gift right away in front of the giver. Sometimes it is more polite to refuse the gift a few times before the receiver accepts it.

It is very important to understand the local customs to prevent embarrassment and offense. When you pay a visit to Japan, make sure that you know how to present gifts to your Japanese friends or customers.

56. What is the main idea of this passage?  
 (A) Japanese arts industry. (B) Japanese medical care.  
 (C) Japanese eating habits. (D) Japanese gift-giving customs.
57. According to the passage, when presenting a gift to a Japanese person, the giver should \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) cover the present in colorful paper (B) tell the receiver the gift is not important  
 (C) let everyone know what the gift is (D) ask the receiver to open the gift right away
58. According to the passage, before a gift is received, the receiver may \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) refuse it several times (B) open it right away  
 (C) throw it away (D) cover it in plain paper
59. According to the passage, which of the following is true in Japan?  
 (A) The giver should give the present to the receiver in private.  
 (B) The price of the gift should be the higher the better.  
 (C) The gift should be given with ribbons to show more respect.  
 (D) The gift should be given at the beginning of the meeting.
60. We may read this passage in a book about \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) sports (B) science (C) culture (D) economy

答案：(1)D (2)b (3)A (4)A (5)c