國立彰師大附工 104	學年度第一學	期 高職二 英	文暑期複習考
BOOK 2 (L	8)+ BOOK 3 (L1)	
選擇題請用2B鉛筆劃	卡,1-20每題1	分,21-60每題 2	分
一、字彙與慣用語選擇			
1. The large supermarket in the	he makes i	it convenient for the	locals to shop.
(A)custom	(B)observation	(C)neighborhood	(D)culture
2. Because George doesn't sp	beak Japanese, he find	ds it hard to	_ Japanese songs.
(A)appreciate	(B)bother	(C)mind	(D)adopt
3. The Internet plays a very in	mportant part in mod	ern	
(A)society	(B)praise	(C)custom	(D)neighborhood
4. Miranda has lived in Russi	a for 8 years, and she	e knows a lot about tl	ne local
(A)customs	(B)praise	(C)hesitations	(D)silence
5. The loud music from next	door every night	Jennifer and r	nakes it difficult for her to
fall asleep. (A)ad	lopts (B)mentions	(C)bothers	(D)observes
6. Instead of having a child o	f their own, Mr. and	Mrs. Chen	a 2-year-old girl.
(A)adopted	(B)expressed	(C)noted	(D)minded
7. Paul wants to start his own	business, but he doe	esn't have enough fin	ancial
(A)expressions	(B)cultures	(C)resources	(D)societies
8. The boss made a few observed	<u>rvations</u> about Kim's	new invention.	
(A)neighborhoods	(B)remarks	(C)entrances	(D)questions
9. It is <u>rude</u> to talk with your	mouth full.		
(A)impolite	(B)impress	(C)disgusting	(D)humorous
10. The basketball team is	of the best p	layers in our school.	
(A)led to	(B)made up	(C)occurred to	(D)used to
11. Ella felt happy when her	teacher he	r for helping her clas	ssmates with their homework.
(A)minded	(B)viewed	(C)praised	(D)expressed
12. After the driver hit Mrs. (Cooper, he tried to es	cape by se	elling his car.
(A)hesitation	(B)foundation	(C)justice	(D)discovery
13.The woman was found	of stealing m	nany people's money,	so she had to pay for what
she had done.			

(A)jealous	(B)fortunate	(C)chemical	(D)guilty
14. Dave could finally go ba			
(A)ancient	(B)innocent	(C)curious	(D)jealous
15. All the people in the roo			× /5
(A)for		(C)hesitation	(D)entrance
16. Tiffany for her do			
(A)proved	(B)gestured	(C)discovered	(D)benefited
17. Jeremy had practiced a l			
(A)finally	(B)immediately		(D)usually
18. The queen tried to have	•	•	
(A)envious	(B)guilty	(C)innocent	(D)energetic
19. After stealing a chocola			
(A)justice	(B)guilt		(D)trial
20. More and more people 1			
lifestyle. (A)secret	(B)manufacturer	(C)form	(D)sign
21. With the <u>proof</u> of how si			
(A)evidence	(B)solution	(C)accused	(D)customer
22. The jury listened carefu	lly to the,	who was said to have	e killed his wife.
(A)hesitation	(B)accused		(D)guilt
23. Maria took a taxi, but	she still cou	lldn't make it to the n	neeting because she was
trapped in the traffic jam			-
(A)rarely	(B)especially	(C)unfortunately	(D)immediately
24. The same may ha	we different meanin	gs in different countr	ies, so you have to be careful
when you use your	hands to tell people	something.	
(A)entrance	(B)gesture	(C)innocence	(D)hesitation
25. The rabbit was	_ and eaten by the d	log after the dog caug	,ht it.
(A)referred to	(B)torn apart	(C)made into	(D)thought of as
26. Henry said he would	to finish the job	by Friday.	
(A)stand for		(B)eat away at	
(12)500000000000			

27. I invited Mrs. Brown	her husband	d to the dinner party thi	s weekend.		
(A)as well as		(B)as soon as	(B)as soon as		
(C)nothing more t	han	(D) for instance			
28. When it comes	_, David is the best	in our class.			
(A)sing	(B)sings	(C)to sing	(D)to singing		
29. Andy is a nice boy.	get angry.				
(A)Does he rarely	(B)He rarely	(C)Rarely does he	(D)Rarely he		
30 it was!					
(A)What amazing	a show	(B)How a show an	(B)How a show amazing		
(C)What an amazi	ing show	(D)How an amazin	(D)How an amazing show		
31. Listening to my grandfat	her talking about h	is life story m	ife story me a different idea about life.		
(A)given	(B)give	(C)giving	(D)gives		
32. Everyone saw Jack fall t	o the ground on the	street an en	nbarrassed boy he was!		
(A)What	(B)How	(C)When	(D)Why		
33. Rarely We us	ually eat out.				
(A)my mother coo	oks	(B)does my mothe	(B)does my mother cook		
(C)my mother doe	s cook	(D)cooks my moth	(D)cooks my mother		
34. It is considered unlucky	a mirror.				
(A)break	(B)to break	(C)breaks	(D)to breaking		
35 loudly the girl sho	outed!				
(A)When	(B)What	(C)How	(D)Where		

二、克漏字測驗:(每題2分)

(A) According to Yuka Aoki, a Japanese writer in Taiwan, the KTV <u>(36)</u> is very different in Japan and Taiwan. Taiwanese people are <u>(37)</u> freer than Japanese people at a KTV. For example, in Taiwan, people can talk and sing freely when someone else is singing. However, <u>(38)</u> people in Japan do that. <u>(39)</u>, it is not polite to sing the song that has just been sung at a KTV in Japan. However, Taiwanese people don't mind <u>(40)</u> the same song again and again. Aoki found these cultural differences very interesting.

36. (A) culture (B) origin (C) humor (D) waste

37. (A) much	(B) very	(C) more	(D) too
38. (A) never	(B) never are	(C) do never	(D) never do
39. (A) Therefore	(B) Instead of	(C) In addition to	(D) What's more
40. (A) sing	(B) be sung	(C) singing	(D) to singing

(B) Yuka Aoki is a travel-loving writer from Japan. She has been travelling around the world and visited <u>(41)</u> than forty-five countries. However, Taiwan seldom came to her mind. She finally had a chance <u>(42)</u> Taiwan at a friend's invitation in 2002. <u>(43)</u>, she fell in love with this country and started to write about her life here.

Cultural differences <u>(44)</u> Taiwan and Japan made up the subject of her books. <u>(45)</u>, singing at a KTV is popular both in Taiwan and Japan. While people in Taiwan are free to talk when <u>(46)</u> is singing, in Japan, however, it is considered <u>(47)</u> to do so. Also, Taiwanese people are very different from people in Japan when it <u>(48)</u> personal space. Some Taiwanese girls do not mind <u>(49)</u> hands when they walk together. However, people in Japan stand apart from each other while (50) .

41. (A) much	(B) more	(C) over	(D) ever
42. (A) to visiting	(B) to visit	(C) visit	(D) visited
43. (A) Gradually	(B) Gradual	(C) Rarely	(D) Rare
44. (A) between	(B) beside	(C) below	(D) behind
45. (A) As a result	(B) Therefore	(C) What's more	(D) For instance
46. (A) people else	(B) else one	(C) someone else	(D) else someone
47. (A) disgusting	(B) humorous	(C) social	(D) rude
48. (A) goes to	(B) occurs to	(C) comes to	(D) leads to
49. (A) holding	(B) hold	(C) held	(D) holds
50. (A) walk	(B) walks	(C) walked	(D) walking

三、閱讀測驗(每題2分)

I. Taiwan had been controlled by Japan for 50 years between 1895 and 1945, and it was longer than any other part of East Asia. One might think that **hostility** toward Japan would run deeper in Taiwan than anywhere else. Strangely, though, it is almost the exact opposite .

In 2005, a Japanese history textbook conflict was among East Asian countries, from China to

Korea. Something about World War II that was written in the textbook was untrue. In Taiwan, however, there was much less anger at the Japanese.

While the Taiwanese know that some very bad things happened in their country under Japanese rule, they also see something very good, too. Some Taiwanese believe that their country is wealthy today partly because of the changes made during the Japanese rule. Many important building works were completed, like Yoichi Hatta's Chianan Canal . These works later helped Taiwan's economy grow fast.

- 51. What is the main idea of the passage?
 - (A) Taiwan's mixed feelings about the history of Japanese rule.
 - (B) The comparison between Taiwan's building works and Japan's
 - (C) Taiwan's economy growth after 1945.
 - (D) Japan's history of ruling other East Asian countries.
- 52. The word "**hostility**" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
 - (A) guilt (B) treatment (C) failure (D) anger
- 5 3 . What happened in 2005 when a Japanese textbook mentioned the history of Japan?(A) It resulted in anger in many East Asian countries.
 - (B) Koreans felt less angry than any other Asians because of its relations with Japan.
 - (C) Taiwanese people were so angry that they stopped buying Japanese products.
 - (D) China started a war with Japan because of this.
- 54. According to the passage, Taiwan's attitude toward their history of Japanese rule is _____.(A) all positive (B) all negative(C) both positive and negative (D) none of the above

II. Although Taiwan and Japan are near to each other on the globe, they can be very different culturally.

It is said that Taiwanese people are more carefree in comparison with the Japanese. For example, Japanese people usually do not call a person's first name when they meet the person for the first time. In addition, **they** seldom talk about what a person wears or offer suggestions to an acquaintance . However, doing those things is normal for Taiwanese people. Moreover, most Taiwanese people walk without paying attention to others around them, while in Japan, people walk quickly and carefully in order not to be in others' way.

Other cultural differences can be found in eating habits. In Taiwan, for instance, people like to

eat while they are walking. However, Japanese people don't do that. Also, there are many night markets in Taiwan, and local foods and snacks are available all year round in these night markets. However, in Japan, places like these are only open a few days at a time for certain festivals or celebrations.

It seems that the things people see and experience every day can be very different from those in another country, even the one that is so close on a map.

5 5 . According to the passage, when Japanese people meet a person for the first time, they do NOT _____.

	(A) talk to him or her	(B) smile at him or her
	(C) pay attention to him or her	(D) call his or her first name
56	. The word they in the second paragraph	refers to
	(A) Japanese people	(B) Taiwanese people
	(C) people who are more carefree	(D) people who like to offer suggestions
57	. According to the passage, Taiwanese p	eople when they are walking.
	(A) seldom talk	(B) like to eat

- (C) are careful not to be in others' way (D) pay attention to others around them
- 58. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?
 - (A) Night markets in Japan are only open for certain festivals or celebrations.
 - (B) People can taste local foods and snacks at Taiwan's night markets.
 - (C) Night markets in Taiwan are open all year round.
 - (D) No night markets can be found in Japan
- 四、對話測驗:
- 59. Sarah: I think Thomas and Tina will get married.Cindy: Well, I don't think so.Sarah: ______Cindy: I guess they'll break up soon.(A) I agree with you.(B) What's your opinion?(C) She'll find a better man.(D) Why would they do that?
- 60. Leo: Why did Jane suddenly leave the party?
- Leo: Maybe you're right.
 - (A) I didn't know she left earlier.
 - (C) I guess she felt uncomfortable.

Amy: _____

- (B) I'll ask her later.
- (D) She seemed to enjoy the party.

國立彰師大附工 10			第1次複習考	Sarah:			
	L8)+ BOOK 3 (L1			Cindy: I guess they	'll break up soon.		
	劃卡,1-20每題 1	分,21-60每題 2 分		(A) I agree with yo		-	your opinion?
-、字彙與慣用語選擇			(C) She'll find a be		(D) Why we	ould they do that?	
				() 4. Larry: I can't find i			
) 1. This restaurant is w		s excellent Chinese dishe	S.	Cynthia:			
(A) on	(B) as	(C) for	(D) into	Larry: Very possible	e. Let's go back to fin	nd it.	
) 2. Yesterday, I saw Ba	rt with his n	ew girlfriend on the stree	t.	(A) I guess you are	wrong.		
(A) walks	(B) to walk	(C) walking	(D) to walking	(B) I have no idea	where it is.		
) 3 a new ca	is not easy for the poo	or family.		(C) My guess is the	at it's in your pocket.		
(A) To buying	(B) Buys	(C) Bought	(D) Buying				
) 4. In this area	_ many rich people.			12. (C) After the driver	hit Mrs. Cooper, he tr	ied to escape	by selling his car.
(A) live	(B) to live	(C) living	(D) to living	(A)hesitation	(B)foundation	(C)justice	(D)discovery
) 5. Every teenager in the country, thirteen nineteen years old, can join this		13. (D)The woman was found of stealing many people's money, so she had to pa					
camp.				for what she had	l done.		
(A) tofrom	(B) fromto	(C) inbetween	(D) betweenin	(A)jealous	(B)fortunate	(C)chemical	(D)guilty
				14. (B)Dave could fin	ally go back to his far	nily after he was fou	and let go.
() 1. Jim: I guess Richa	rd will win the game. I	He is very strong.		(A)ancient	(B)innocent	(C)curious	(D)jealous
Tom: I th	ink Ian will be the win	ner. He practiced a lot.		15. (D)All the people	in the room started cla	apping their hands as	s the king and queen made
(A) I don't agree.		(B) That's definite	ly true.	their			
(C) I guess you're r	ght.	(D) Don't tell me t	he ending.	(A)form	(B)guilt	(C)hesitation	(D)entrance
				16. (B)Tiffany for her dog to get out of the kitchen while she was busy cooking.			she was busy cooking.
				(A)proved	(B)gestured	(C)discovered	(D)benefited
) 2. Leo: Why did Jane	suddenly leave the par	ty?		17. (B) The rabbit was $$	and eaten by	y the dog after the do	og caught it.
Amy:				(A)referred to	(B)torn apart	(C)made into	(D)thought of as
Leo: Maybe you're	right.			18. (C) Henry said he w	ould to finish t	he job by Friday.	
(A) I didn't know s	ne left earlier.	(B) I'll ask her late	er.	(A)stand for		(B)eat away at	
(C) I guess she felt	uncomfortable.	(D) She seemed to	enjoy the party.	(C)try his best		(D)tear himself a	apart
) 3. Sarah: I think Thon	as and Tina will get m	arried.		19. (A) I invited Mrs. B	rown her h	usband to the dinner	party this weekend.

	(C)nothing more	than	(D)for instance			(A)adopt	(B)bother	(C)view	(D)note
20. (<mark>C</mark>) Jeremy had pract	iced a lot, but <u>unfort</u>	unately he still didn't c	come in first in the race.	6. () John's friends all	him for hi	s honesty. John really	y has won everyone's trust.
	(A)finally (B))immediately (C)	unluckily (D)usually			(A)mind	(B)express	(C)praise	(D)view
21. (A)The queen tried to	have Snow White k	illed because she was	jealous of her beauty.	7. () Sean is a nice pers	on, so he doesn't	listening to l	his friends' complaints.
	(A)envious (B))guilty (C)innocent	(D)energetic			(A)appreciate	(B)mind	(C)view	(D)adopt
22. (B) After stealing a cl	hocolate bar from the	e supermarket, I had a	sense of	8. () The farmer planted	l the seeds 5 inches	so that the	ey have enough room to grow.
(A)justi	ce(B)guilt	(C)proof	(D)trial			(A)overseas	(B)early	(C)apart	(D)ago
23. (<mark>C</mark>) More and more p	eople like the idea of	LOHAS, a	of healthy and eco-friendly	9. () Miranda has lived	in Russia for 8 year	s, and she knows a lo	ot about the local
lifestyle	e.					(A)customs	(B)praise	(C)hesitations	(D)silence
(A)secr	et (B)manufacturer	(C)form	(D)sign		10. () The loud music fro	om next door every	night Jenn	ifer and makes it difficult for
24. (<mark>A</mark>) With the <u>proof</u> of	how smoking damag	ges the human body, so	ome people quit smoking.		her to fall asleep.			
(A)evid	ence	(B)solution	(C)accused	(D)customer		(A)adopts	(B)mentions	(C)bothers	(D)observes
25. (B) The jury listened	carefully to the	, who was said to	have killed his wife.	11. () Zoe has lived in Fi	cance for 15 years as	nd has the	country as her home.
	(A)hesitation	(B)accused	(C)justice	(D)guilt		(A)appreciated	(B)bothered	(C)minded	(D)adopted
26. (<mark>C</mark>) Maria took a taxi	, but she s	till couldn't make it to	the meeting because she	12. () Instead of having a	a child of their own,	Mr. and Mrs. Chen	a 2-year-old girl.
	was trapped in the	e traffic jam.				(A)adopted	(B)expressed	(C)noted	(D)minded
	(A)rarely	(B)especially	(C)unfortunately	(D)immediately	13. () Paul wants to start	his own business, b	out he doesn't have en	nough financial (財務的)
27. (B) The same	may have different n	neanings in different co	ountries, so you have to be					
	careful when you	use your hands to te	ll people something.			(A)expressions	(B)cultures	(C)resources	(D)societies
	(A)entrance	(B)gesture	(C)innocence	(D)hesitation	14. ()(選出字義與畫線	的字詞最相似的選	項)	
	字彙與慣用語選擇	(共0分,每題0分)				The boss made a f	ew observations abo	out Kim's new invent	ion.
1. () Don't stare at oth	ers. It is <u>rude</u> to do s	o. (選同義字)			(A)neighborhoods	(B)remarks	(C)entrances	(D)questions
(A)impa	atient	(B)impolite	(C)important	(D)immediate	15. ()(選出字義與畫線	的字詞最相似的選	項)	
2. () The large superm	arket in the	_ makes it convenient	for the locals to shop.		In my <u>view</u> , nurses	s should be paid mo	re than they are now.	
	(A)custom	(B)observation	(C)neighborhood	(D)culture		(A)opinion	(B)society	(C)imagination	(D)resource
3. () Because George	doesn't speak Japane	se, he finds it hard to _	Japanese songs.	16. ()(選出字義與畫線	的字詞最相似的選	項)	
	(A)appreciate	(B)bother	(C)mind	(D)adopt		Joan <u>views</u> her pet	dog as her family.		
4. () The Internet play	s a very important pa	rt in modern			(A)observes	(B)praises	(C)expresses	(D)sees
	(A)society	(B)praise	(C)custom	(D)neighborhood	17. () Robert <u>noted</u> that t	here was a coffee st	ain on his shirt.	
5. () Please	that the report should	d be handed in next M	onday.		(A)considered	(B)noticed	(C)minded	(D)bothered

18. ()(選出字義與畫線	的字詞最相似的選項	頁)	
	It is <u>rude</u> to talk w	ith your mouth full.		
	(A)impolite	(B)impress	(C)disgusting	(D)humorous
19. () The basketball tea	am is of the	best players in our s	school.
	(A)led to	(B)made up	(C)occurred to	(D)used to
20. ()fishing.	, my father has the ski	lls and knowledge to	o catch a big fish.
	(A)Because of		(B)In order to	
	(C)What's more		(D)When it comes	s to
21. () Tina ha	wing a cup of milk tea	every morning.	
	(A) is used to	(B) is about to	(C)makes up	(D)occurred to
22. () Being rich in oil _	, this country	makes a lot of mon	ey by selling oil to other
countri	ies around the world.			
(A)reso	ources	(B)customs	(C)observations	(D)neighborhoods
23. () Ella felt happy wh	nen her teacher	her for helping l	ner classmates with their
homew	vork.			
(A)mir	nded	(B)viewed	(C)praised	(D)expressed
24. () As a writer, Scott	is good at turning his	on comm	on people into great stories
	(A)observations	(B)neighborhoods	(C)customs	(D)societies
25. () In her speech, the	speaker talked about	her on sci	ence and religion.
	(A)view	(B)neighborhood	(C)society	(D)custom
二、文	[法選擇(共0分,每題	夏0分)		
1. () When it comes	, David is the	best in our class.	
	(A)sing	(B)sings	(C)to sing	(D)to singing
2. () Getting up early in	n cold weather	not easy for me.	
	(A)be	(B)is	(C)are	(D)×
3. () To me, history is	than math.		
	(A)difficult		(B)much more dif	ficult
	(C)much difficult		(D)the most diffic	ult
4. (e boy get a		
	es he rarely		(B)He rarely	(C)Rarely does he
	-		-	-

(D)Rarely	he
-----------	----

5. () it v	vas!				
	(A)What amazing a show		(B)How a sl	(B)How a show amazing		
	(C)What an a	mazing show		(D)How an	amazing show	,
6. () Listening to	my grandfather	talking ab	out his life sto	ory	me a different idea
	about life.					
	(A)given	(B)give		(C)giving	(D)gi	ves
7. () Everyone saw	Jack fall to the	ground on	the street.	embai	rassed (尷尬的) he
	was!					
	(A)What	(B)How		(C)When	(D)W	hy
8. () Rarely	We usually	eat out.			
(A)my	mother cooks			(B)does my	mother cook	
(C)my	mother does cool	k		(D)cooks m	y mother	
9. () It is considered	ed unlucky	a mirror.			
		(A)break	(B)to	break	(C)breaks	(D)to breaking
10. () loudly t	the girl shouted!				

(A)When	(B)What	(C)How	(D)Where
三、克漏字選擇(共0分,	每題0分)		

Yuka Aoki is a travel-loving writer from Japan. She has been travelling around the world 1. and visited <u>1</u> than forty-five countries. However, Taiwan seldom came to her mind. She finally had a chance <u>2</u> Taiwan at a friend's invitation in 2002. <u>3</u>, she fell in love with this country and started to write about her life here.

Cultural differences <u>4</u> Taiwan and Japan made up the subject of her books. <u>5</u>, singing at a KTV is popular both in Taiwan and Japan. While people in Taiwan are free to talk when 6 is singing, in Japan, however, it is considered 7 to do so. Also, Taiwanese people are very different from people in Japan when it <u>8</u> personal space. Some Taiwanese girls do not mind <u>9</u> hands when they walk together. However, people in Japan stand apart from each other while <u>10</u>.

(1)() (A) much (B) more (C) over (D) ever

- (2) () (A) to visiting (B) to visit (C) visit (D) visited
- (3) () (A) Gradually (B) Gradual (C) Rarely (D) Rare
- (4) () (A) between (B) beside (C) below (D) behind
- (5) () (A) As a result (B) Therefore (C) What's more (D) For instance
- (6) () (A) people else (B) else one (C) someone else (D) else someone
- (7) () (A) disgusting (B) humorous (C) social (D) rude
- (8)() (A) goes to (B) occurs to (C) comes to (D) leads to
- (9) () (A) holding (B) hold (C) held (D) holds
- (10) ()(A) walk (B) walks (C) walked (D) walking
- 2. According to Yuka Aoki, a Japanese writer in Taiwan, the KTV __(1)__ is very different in Japan and Taiwan. Taiwanese people are __(2)__ freer than Japanese people at a KTV. For example, in Taiwan, people can talk and sing freely when someone else is singing. However, __(3)__ people in Japan do that. __(4)__, it is not polite to sing the song that has just been sung at a KTV in Japan. However, Taiwanese people don't mind __(5)__ the same song again and again. Aoki found these cultural differences very interesting.

(1)() (A) culture	(B) origin	(C) humor	(D) waste	
(2)() (A) much	(B) very	(C) more	(D) too	
(3)() (A) never	(B) never are	(C) do never	(D) never do	
(4)() (A) Therefore (B) Instead of		(C) In addition to	(D) What's more	
(5)() (A) sing	(B) be sung	(C) singing	(D) to singing	

四、閱讀測驗(共0分,每題0分)

1. Taiwan had been controlled by Japan for 50 years between 1895 and 1945, and it was longer than any other part of East Asia. One might think that **hostility** toward Japan would run deeper in Taiwan than anywhere else. Strangely, though, it is almost the exact opposite .

In 2005, a Japanese history textbook conflict was among East Asian countries, from China to Korea. Something about World War II that was written in the textbook was untrue. In Taiwan, however, there was much less anger at the Japanese.

While the Taiwanese know that some very bad things happened in their country under Japanese rule, they also see something very good, too. Some Taiwanese believe that their country is wealthy today partly because of the changes made during the Japanese rule. Many important building works were completed, like Yoichi Hatta's Chianan Canal . These works later helped Taiwan's economy grow fast.

- (1) () What is the main idea of the passage?
 - (A) Taiwan's mixed feelings about the history of Japanese rule.
 - (B) The comparison between Taiwan's building works and Japan's
 - (C) Taiwan's economy growth after 1945.
 - (D) Japan's history of ruling other East Asian countries.
- (2)() According to the passage, which of the following about the history of Japan's rule over Asia in NOT true?
 - (A) Taiwan had less negative feelings toward the history of Japanese rule.
 - (B) Taiwan had been ruled by the Japanese for fifty years.
 - (C) Taiwan was part of Japan before 1895.
 - (D) Taiwan was the one that Japan had ruled for the longest time in East Asia.
- (3)() The word "hostility" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
 (A) guilt (B) treatment (C) failure (D) anger
- (4)() What happened in 2005 when a Japanese textbook mentioned the history of Japan?
 (A) It resulted in anger in many East Asian countries.
 (B) Koreans felt less angry than any other Asians because of its relations with Japan.
 (C) Taiwanese people were so angry that they stopped buying Japanese products.
 (D) China started a war with Japan because of this.
- (5) () According to the passage, Taiwan's attitude toward their history of Japanese rule is

(A) all positive (B) all negative

(C) both positive and negative (D) none of the above

3. Although Taiwan and Japan are near to each other on the globe, they can be very different culturally.

It is said that Taiwanese people are more carefree in comparison with the Japanese. For example, Japanese people usually do not call a person's first name when they meet the person for the first time. In addition, **they** seldom talk about what a person wears or offer suggestions to an acquaintance . However, doing those things is normal for Taiwanese people. Moreover, most

Taiwanese people walk without paying attention to others around them, while in Japan, people walk quickly and carefully in order not to be in others' way.

Other cultural differences can be found in eating habits. In Taiwan, for instance, people like to eat while they are walking. However, Japanese people don't do that. Also, there are many night markets in Taiwan, and local foods and snacks are available all year round in these night markets. However, in Japan, places like these are only open a few days at a time for certain festivals or celebrations.

It seems that the things people see and experience every day can be very different from those in another country, even the one that is so close on a map.

(1) () According to the passage, when Japanese people meet a person for the first time, they do

- NOT _____.
- (A) talk to him or her
- (B) smile at him or her
- (C) pay attention to him or her
- (D) call his or her first name
- (2) () The word **they** in the second paragraph refers to _____.
- (A) Japanese people
- (B) Taiwanese people
- (C) people who are more carefree
- (D) people who like to offer suggestions
- (3) () According to the passage, Taiwanese people _____ when they are walking.
- (A) seldom talk
- (B) like to eat
- (C) are careful not to be in others' way
- (D) pay attention to others around them
- (4) () According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?
- (A) Night markets in Japan are only open for certain festivals or celebrations.
- (B) People can taste local foods and snacks at Taiwan's night markets.
- (C) Night markets in Taiwan are open all year round.
- (D) No night markets can be found in Japan

一、字彙與慣用語選擇(共0分,每題0分)

2. (C) The large supermarket in the		makes it convenient for the locals to shop.				
(A)custom	(B)observation	(C)neighborhood	(D)culture			
3. (A) Because George do	e, he finds it hard to _	Japanese songs.				
(A)appreciate	(B)bother	(C)mind	(D)adopt			
4. (A) The Internet plays a very important part in modern						
(A)society	(B)praise	(C)custom	(D)neighborhood			
9. (A) Miranda has lived in Russia for 8 years, and she knows a lot about the local						
(A)customs	(B)praise	(C)hesitations	(D)silence			
10. (C) The loud music from	m next door every ni	ght Jennif	er and makes it difficult for			
her to fall asleep.						
(A)adopts	(B)mentions	(C)bothers	(D)observes			
12. (A) Instead of having a	child of their own, N	Ar. and Mrs. Chen	a 2-year-old girl.			
(A)adopted	(B)expressed	(C)noted	(D)minded			
13. (C) Paul wants to start	his own business, bu	t he doesn't have eno	ugh financial			
(A)expressions	(B)cultures	(C)resources	(D)societies			
14. (B) The boss made a few <u>observations</u> about Kim's new invention.						
(A)neighborhoods	(B)remarks	(C)entrances	(D)questions			
18. (A) It is <u>rude</u> to talk with your mouth full.						
(A)impolite	(B)impress	(C)disgusting	(D)humorous			
19. (B) The basketball team is of the best players in our school.						
(A)led to	(B)made up	(C)occurred to	(D)used to			
23. (C) Ella felt happy when her teacher her for helping her classmates with their						
homework.						
(A)minded	(B)viewed	(C)praised	(D)expressed			
二、文法選擇(共0分,每題0分)						
1. (D) When it comes, David is the best in our class.						
(A)sing	(B)sings	(C)to sing	(D)to singing			
2. (B) Getting up early in	cold weather	not easy for me.				
(A)be	(B)is	(C)are	(D)×			

3. (B) To me, history i	s than ma	ath.			
(A)difficult		(B)much more di	ifficult		
(C)much difficu	ılt	(D)the most diffi	cult		
4. (C) () Andy is a nice boy get angry.					
(A)Does he rarely		(B)He rarely	(C)Rarely does he		
(D)Rarely he					
5. (C) it wa	s!				
(A)What amazi	ng a show	(B)How a show a	amazing		
(C)What an ama	azing show	(D)How an amaz	ting show		
6. (D) Listening to m	y grandfather talkin	g about his life story _	me a different idea		
about life.					
(A)given	(B)give	(C)giving	(D)gives		
7. (B) Everyone saw J	ack fall to the groun	nd on the street.	embarrassed (尴尬的) he		
was!					
(A)What	(B)How	(C)When	(D)Why		
8. (B) Rarely	We usually eat ou	ut.			
(A)my mother cooks		(B)does my moth	(B)does my mother cook		
(C)my mother does cook		(D)cooks my mo	(D)cooks my mother		
9. (B) It is considered unlucky a mirror (鏡子).					
(A)break			(B)to break		
	(C)breaks		(D)to breaking		

10. (C) _____ loudly the girl shouted!

(A)When		(B)What
	(C)How	(D)Where

三、克漏字選擇(共0分,每題0分)

1. Yuka Aoki is a travel-loving writer from Japan. She has been travelling around the world and visited <u>1</u> than forty-five countries. However, Taiwan seldom came to her mind. She finally had a chance <u>2</u> Taiwan at a friend's invitation in 2002. <u>3</u>, she fell in love with this country and started to write about her life here.

Cultural differences <u>4</u> Taiwan and Japan made up the subject of her books. <u>5</u>, singing at a KTV is popular both in Taiwan and Japan. While people in Taiwan are free to talk when <u>6</u> is singing, in Japan, however, it is considered <u>7</u> to do so. Also, Taiwanese people are very different from people in Japan when it <u>8</u> personal space. Some Taiwanese girls do not mind <u>9</u> hands when they walk together. However, people in Japan stand apart from each other while <u>10</u>.

- (1)() (A) much (B) more (C) over (D) ever
- (2) () (A) to visiting (B) to visit (C) visit (D) visited
- (3) () (A) Gradually (B) Gradual (C) Rarely (D) Rare
- (4) () (A) between (B) beside (C) below (D) behind
- (5) () (A) As a result (B) Therefore (C) What's more (D) For instance
- (6) () (A) people else (B) else one (C) someone else (D) else someone
- (7) () (A) disgusting (B) humorous (C) social (D) rude
- (8) () (A) goes to (B) occurs to (C) comes to (D) leads to
- (9) () (A) holding (B) hold (C) held (D) holds
- (10) ()(A) walk (B) walks (C) walked (D) walking

答案: (1)B (2)B (3)A (4)A (5)D (6)C (7)D (8)C (9)A (10)D

2. According to Yuka Aoki, a Japanese writer in Taiwan, the KTV __(1)__ is very different in Japan and Taiwan. Taiwanese people are __(2)__ freer than Japanese people at a KTV. For example, in Taiwan, people can talk and sing freely when someone else is singing. However,

__(3)__ people in Japan do that. __(4)__, it is not polite to sing the song that has just been sung at a KTV in Japan. However, Taiwanese people don't mind __(5)__ the same song again and again. Aoki found these cultural differences very interesting.

(1)() (A) culture	(B) origin	(C) humor	(D) waste
(2)() (A) much	(B) very	(C) more	(D) too
(3)() (A) never	(B) never are	(C) do never	(D) never do

(4)() (A) Therefore (B) Instead of			ead of	(C) In addition to (D) What's more		
(5)() (A) s	sing	(B)	be sung	(C) singing	(D) to singing	
答案:	(1)A	(2)A	(3)D	(4)D	(5)C		

四、閱讀測驗(共0分,每題0分)

1. Taiwan had been controlled by Japan for 50 years between 1895 and 1945, and it was longer than any other part of East Asia. One might think that **hostility** toward Japan would run deeper in Taiwan than anywhere else. Strangely, though, it is almost the exact opposite (相反).

In 2005, a Japanese history textbook conflict was among East Asian countries, from China to Korea. Something about World War II that was written in the textbook was untrue. In Taiwan, however, there was much less anger at the Japanese.

While the Taiwanese know that some very bad things happened in their country under Japanese rule, they also see something very good, too. Some Taiwanese believe that their country is wealthy (富裕的) today partly because of the changes made during the Japanese rule. Many important building works were completed, like Yoichi Hatta's Chianan Canal (嘉南大圳). These works later helped Taiwan's economy grow fast.

- (1) () What is the main idea of the passage?
 - (A) Taiwan's mixed feelings about the history of Japanese rule.
 - (B) The comparison between Taiwan's building works and Japan's
 - (C) Taiwan's economy growth after 1945.
 - (D) Japan's history of ruling other East Asian countries.
- (2) () According to the passage, which of the following about the history of Japan's rule over Asia in NOT true?

(A) Taiwan had less negative (負面的) feelings toward the history of Japanese rule.

- (B) Taiwan had been ruled by the Japanese for fifty years.
- (C) Taiwan was part of Japan before 1895.

(D) Taiwan was the one that Japan had ruled for the longest time in East Asia.

(3) () The word "hostility" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
(A) guilt (B) treatment (C) failure (D) anger

- (4) () What happened in 2005 when a Japanese textbook mentioned the history of Japan?
 - (A) It resulted in anger in many East Asian countries.
 - (B) Koreans felt less angry than any other Asians because of its relations with Japan.
 - (C) Taiwanese people were so angry that they stopped buying Japanese products.
 - (D) China started a war with Japan because of this.
- (5) () According to the passage, Taiwan's attitude toward their history of Japanese rule is
 - (A) all positive (正面的) (B) all negative
 - (C) both positive and negative (D) none of the above
- 答案:(1)A (2)C (3)D (4)A (5)C
- 3. Although Taiwan and Japan are near to each other on the globe (地球), they can be very different culturally.
- It is said that Taiwanese people are more carefree (無憂無慮的) in comparison with the Japanese. For example, Japanese people usually do not call a person's first name when they meet the person for the first time. In addition, **they** seldom talk about what a person wears or offer suggestions to an acquaintance (認識的人). However, doing those things is normal (正常的) for Taiwanese people. Moreover, most Taiwanese people walk without paying attention to others around them, while in Japan, people walk quickly and carefully in order not to be in others' way.
- Other cultural differences can be found in eating habits. In Taiwan, for instance, people like to eat while they are walking. However, Japanese people don't do that. Also, there are many night markets in Taiwan, and local foods and snacks are available all year round in these night markets. However, in Japan, places like these are only open a few days at a time for certain festivals or celebrations.
- It seems that the things people see and experience every day can be very different from those in another country, even the one that is so close on a map.
- (1) () According to the passage, when Japanese people meet a person for the first time, they do NOT _____.
- (A) talk to him or her
- (B) smile at him or her
- (C) pay attention to him or her

- (D) call his or her first name
- (2) () The word **they** in the second paragraph refers to _____.
- (A) Japanese people
- (B) Taiwanese people
- (C) people who are more carefree
- (D) people who like to offer suggestions
- (3) () According to the passage, Taiwanese people _____ when they are walking.
- (A) seldom talk
- (B) like to eat
- (C) are careful not to be in others' way
- (D) pay attention to others around them
- (4) () According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?
- (A) Night markets in Japan are only open for certain festivals or celebrations.
- (B) People can taste local foods and snacks at Taiwan's night markets.
- (C) Night markets in Taiwan are open all year round.
- (D) No night markets can be found in Japan.
- 答案:(1)D (2)A (3)B (4)D