

第壹部分：選擇題(80 分)

一、字彙題(第 1-10 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：第 1 至 4 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

第 5 至 10 題，每題均有一個空格字詞，請選擇一個最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。

1. During her film career, the superstar obtained a reputation as a talented and self-fulfilling woman.
(A) conquered (B) inquired (C) required (D) acquired
2. To a certain degree, we are all responsible for this tragic situation. It is not John's own responsibility.
(A) extreme (B) extent (C) decline (D) desire
3. It is estimated that approximately 20,000 people joined the demonstration on Saturday night.
(A) eventually (B) lately (C) roughly (D) properly
4. Sandy could not make up her mind, so she discussed with her close friends whether she should transfer to another company.
(A) timid (B) resistant (C) intimate (D) concrete
5. People tend to be more liberal when they are young and more _____ when they get older.
(A) conservative (B) contemporary (C) competitive (D) constructive
6. When encountering serious problems at school, do not hesitate to _____ your teachers or parents.
(A) confine (B) confess (C) contend (D) consult
7. According to the survey, the result fell into two _____ groups. The difference is pretty obvious.
(A) enormous (B) dominant (C) courteous (D) distinct
8. Read the instructions before _____ the box, or you may miss some significant information.
(A) eliminating (B) dreading (C) discarding (D) enforcing
9. In ancient times, towns and cities along the ocean were more _____ than those in other areas because the residents could have business with traders overseas.
(A) prosperous (B) spacious (C) numerous (D) gracious
10. In class, the teacher asked the students to take turns _____ the meaning of the poem.
(A) interpreting (B) interrupting (C) interfering (D) intervening

二、對話題(第 11-18 題，每題 2 分，共 16 分)

說明：第 11 至 18 題，請依對話內容，選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

11. Waiter: How's everything today?
Customer: Fantastic!
Waiter: Anything else I can get for you?
Customer: _____
Waiter: Here you are! It's indeed easier to carry.
Customer: Thank you!
(A) I'd like my egg scrambled. (B) I'm up to my ears.
(C) I need a tad of salt, please. (D) Could you give me a doggie bag?

12. Customer: Could you give me a discount?
Salesperson: We're having a clearance sale today. Everything is up to 70% off.
Customer: _____
Salesperson: Sorry! Full payment only.
(A) Could I pay in installment?
(B) Can I pay by credit card?
(C) Do you take traveler's check?
(D) Would you please give me more discounts?
13. Amy: The weather is really bad, isn't it?
Tom: You bet. And there is always a traffic jam on rainy days.
Amy: _____ There sure is.
(A) I am afraid not. (B) I no longer agree with you.
(C) I'll say. (D) Are you kidding me?
14. John: The room is so stuffy and hot. Would you mind opening the window for me?
Mary: _____ It's freezing cold outside. I don't think that's a good idea.
(A) Of course not. (B) Certainly.
(C) I just don't get it! (D) That depends.
15. Jenny: Big Apple Company. May I help you?
Tina: Yes. I would like to speak to Miss Chang.
Jenny: She's on the phone now. _____
Tina: No, thank you. I'll call back later.
(A) Do you want her to leave a message?
(B) May I take a message for you?
(C) My number is 23455678.
(D) Just tell her to call me back.
16. Passersby: Excuse me! Do you have the time?
George: _____
Passersby: Thank you so much! I really appreciate it.
(A) It's open from seven a.m. to eleven p.m..
(B) I'm fully booked this week.
(C) It's a quarter to four o'clock.
(D) Sorry. I am not available now.
17. Peter: I went to see *INTERSTELLAR* yesterday.
Henry: Me, too. What a coincidence! How did you find the movie?
Peter: _____
Henry: I couldn't agree more.
(A) In the entertainment section on the newspaper.
(B) It is awesome.
(C) It took me three hours.
(D) Through my high school classmate.

18. Mike: I am totally screwed up.

Todd: What's wrong?

Mike: I accidentally deleted the files on my computer and now I have to retype my report. It is due today!

Todd: _____ and retype your report as soon as possible.

- (A) Face the music
- (B) Burn your bridges
- (C) Be the bigger man
- (D) Go jump in a lake

三、綜合測驗(第 19-32 題，每題 2 分，共 28 分)

說明：以下三篇短文，共有 15 個空格，為第 19 至 32 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 19 至 23 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

The tooth fairy is a story about a mythical figure that visits kids on the night when they lose their baby teeth. As the kids are sleeping, the tooth fairy takes the tooth 19 money left under the pillow. The story derived from an 18th century fairy tale, 20 a mouse turned into a fairy and tormented an evil king by hiding under his pillow and knocking out all his teeth. In some European countries, a tooth mouse, 21 a tooth fairy, is believed to visit and actually purchase the teeth from kids. Most cultures 22 some sort of tradition when speaking of their baby teeth. For instance, in Japan, children must throw lower teeth straight up and upper teeth straight down so that their new teeth will be as straight as possible. In the Middle East, teeth are thrown toward the sun for strength. Tooth fairy traditions differ from country to country, but each tries to provide children 23 comfort for the loss of their baby teeth.

19. (A) as a result of (B) in exchange for (C) thanks to (D) when it comes to
20. (A) which (B) from where (C) in which (D) when
21. (A) instead (B) in addition to (C) rather than (D) beyond
22. (A) conduct (B) perceive (C) commute (D) practice
23. (A) for (B) from (C) with (D) to

▲下篇短文共有 4 個空格，為第 24 至 27 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Penghu is a group of islands 24 to the west of Taiwan's mainland. It 25 about 90 islets. Penghu's beaches are the main attractions for many people due to their unique pearl-white sand. The amazing landscape of Penghu also includes the magnificent twin 26 rock formation near the coast of Cimei. Penghu is an ideal destination for experiencing nature, and you can enjoy various water activities, such as windsurfing, snorkeling, scuba diving and fishing. There is a wide range of marine life. Locals even take tourists out at night to catch squid by torchlight. 27 tourists want to enjoy the beaches, Penghu always has something special for everybody.

24. (A) which residing (B) that located (C) situated (D) being sit
25. (A) consist of (B) is composed of (C) make up of (D) contains of

26. (A) heart- shaping (B) shape-hearted (C) shape-hearting (D) heart-shaped
27. (A) However (B) In spite of (C) Even though (D) In case

▲下篇短文共有 6 個空格，為第 28 至 32 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

In English, the word “mayday” might mean you need help. However, in Asia, people 28 it 28 a top Taiwanese rock band. Mayday is a five-people rock band and they have toured a number of countries all over the world. 29 , they are the only Mandarin-language rock band that has performed at Madison Square Garden in New York. At the beginning, the original five members were just high school students who had a passion 30 music. In the early years, they performed in small pubs while distributing their demo tapes. Eventually, a famous singer and producer Jonathan Lee signed them and 31 was the history. One reason for the band’s popularity is their ability to connect with fans. Their music 32 hope and inspiration like their idols the Beatles. So, when you feel depressed, listening to some of Mayday’s music might cheer you up.

28. (A) regard...to (B) aim...at (C) associate...with (D) plug...in
29. (A) Beside (B) On the contrary (C) As a consequence (D) Moreover
30. (A) on (B) for (C) to (D) about
31. (A) the above (B) the behind (C) the whole (D) the rest
32. (A) is full up (B) fills out (C) is filled with (D) full of

四、閱讀測驗(第 33-40 題，每題 2 分，共 16 分)

說明：以下有兩篇短文，共有 8 個題目，為第 33 至 40 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲閱讀下文，回答第 33-36 題。

Nowadays, many food manufacturers illegally cut corners to lower costs or to create better effects in their food. Ironically, it is not a new trick. Ancient Romans used to add lead to wine to improve the taste, and English bakers in the 18th century used harmful chemicals to bleach bread.

Today, food fraud is even worse. In China, melamine was added to baby formula to make it appear high in protein, but unfortunately, it caused kidney failure and death for some infants. In the United States, fish with high-mercury were labeled as high-grade red snapper. Also, in Europe, uninspected horse meat was sold as fresh beef.

Here in Taiwan, in 2011, a plasticizer called DEHP was found to have been used as a replacement for expensive palm oil in some products. Last year, more food safety issues occurred. Everything from cooking oil and health pills to milk and rice was called into question. What’s worse, this year, Taiwan was confronted with a more serious and deadly food safety issue—the use of “gutter oil” in some food and beverages.

What should we do to protect our lives from falling victim to food scandal? First of all, we should enforce stricter laws and regulations over the food industry. Those who break laws must be punished severely for their crimes. In addition, there are things we can do on a daily basis. Purchase the products with certifications and good reputation. As a consumer, we can encourage those **conscientious** manufacturers. Companies that commit food fraud should be closely watched and if they betray our trust again, they will lose our business forever.

33. According to the passage, which country did **NOT** have food scandal?
(A) Italy (B) China (C) Thailand (D) Britain
34. According to the passage, which word is similar to “**conscientious**”?
(A) Careless. (B) Honest. (C) Independent. (D) Delicate.
35. Which of the following statements is wrong?
(A) The British used some chemicals to make the bread whiter in the 18th century.
(B) DEHP was used as a replacement for some palm oil.
(C) It is safer to have beef from Holland than that from Canada.
(D) Some fish from America may contain mercury.
36. As a consumer, what can we do to stop food fraud from happening again?
(A) We should eat less meat to protect our health.
(B) Both the government and individuals are obliged to supervise the companies with food safety issues.
(C) We should give the companies committing food fraud before more opportunities.
(D) Manufacturers with good reputation should sell their products at higher prices.

▲閱讀下文，回答第 37-40 題。

You probably have heard of The Big Apple, which is a popular nickname of New York. But have you heard of The Big Onion? Few people know it is the nickname for America’s third most populous city, Chicago. The name comes from the Native American word that originally meant “wild onion.” However, you won’t find any wild onions in Chicago downtown. Instead, you might feel the strong wind blowing off Lake Michigan. That’s why Chicago is now nicknamed “the Windy City” by most people.

Chicago was incorporated as a city in 1837 and experienced rapid economic growth in the mid-nineteenth century. However, in 1871, the Great Chicago Fire broke out, destroying a large part of the city. During its rebuilding period, Chicago constructed the world’s first skyscraper in 1885, using steel – skeleton construction. Since then, more and more tall buildings have been built. Nowadays Chicago is known for its spectacular skyline. Take Willis Tower, the tallest building in Chicago, for example. At the time of its completion in 1973, it was the tallest building in the world, surpassing the World Trade Center in New York, and it had held the record for 25 years. Now it is the second tallest building in the United States and eighth tallest building in the world. The observation deck is one of the most popular tourist destinations in Chicago and more than one million people visit it every year.

In addition to enjoying the city view from above, you can also enjoy great art in the Art Institute of Chicago, where you can enjoy over 50 tours of the collections. If you are a **fanatical** sports fan, and never want to miss out any games, you can participate in the basketball games in United Center, and baseball games in Wrigley Field and Cellular Field as well. If all the exploring makes you hungry, try the most famous Chicago hot dog with mustard, tomatoes, hot peppers and more. Or you can grab a bite at the most delicious popcorn store Garret Popcorn. With so much to see, do, and eat, how can you resist the charm of Chicago?

37. Which description about Chicago is **NOT** true?
(A) Its population is ranked number 3 in the United States.
(B) It is near Lake Michigan.
(C) Its most known nickname is The Big Onion.
(D) Chicago has a famous skyline.

38. In which year did Willis Tower become the world's second tallest building?
 (A) 1973. (B) 1999. (C) 1871. (D) 1885.
39. What does "**fanatical**" mean?
 (A) Crazy. (B) Average. (C) Indifferent. (D) Fierce.
40. Which of the following descriptions is true?
 (A) You can enjoy the city view from the top of the Art Institute of Chicago.
 (B) If you are a baseball fan, you can watch the games in the United Center.
 (C) You can have great popcorns and hotdogs at Garret Popcorn.
 (D) No other building in Chicago is taller than Willis Tower.

第貳部分：非選擇題(第 1 至 5 題，每題 4 分，共 20 分)

一、填充

說明：請依據中文之提示，在空格內填入適當之詞彙以完成句子。每格限填一字，並將答案寫在「答案卷」之指定範圍內。

1. 老師要求在星期五之前要繳交報告，否則他會把我們當掉。
 The teacher d_____ that the report _____ handed in by Friday, or he will flunk us.

二、中譯英

說明：請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「答案卷」之指定範圍內。

2. 無論工作有多困難，你都應該準時完成它。

三、英譯中

說明：請將以下英文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的中文，並將答案寫在「答案卷」之指定範圍內。

3. The gas explosion incident not only took many lives, but also left many people homeless.

四、句子改寫

說明：請依據句型及提示，完成句子並將答案寫在「答案卷」之指定範圍內。

4. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{People think so.} \\ \text{Women live longer than men in Asian countries.} \end{array} \right.$

提示：請以 It...合併改寫以上句子。

五、句子重組

說明：請將題目中所有提示字詞重組成一完整的句子，並將重組後的句子完整地寫在「答案卷」之指定範圍內(包括提示之文字及標點符號)。答案中必須使用所有提示字詞，且不能隨意增加字詞。

5. raise your hand/you/need help/To show/to head level/or above
 提示：重組上列提供的字以完成句子。