

第一部分：選擇題(第 1 至 41 題，每題 2 分，共 82 分)

I. 字彙題(第 1-11 題，每題 2 分，共 22 分)

說明：第 1 至 7 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。  
第 8 至 11 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. The earthquake caused devastating damage to the city. \_\_\_\_\_, few people were injured or dead.  
(A) Instantly                      (B) Reluctantly                      (C) Fortunately                      (D) Respectively
2. Having a good command of English \_\_\_\_\_ us with the ability to acquire information and knowledge faster.  
(A) equips                      (B) invades                      (C) expands                      (D) completes
3. In order to save our planet, we need to reduce the number of \_\_\_\_\_ cups and use our own drinking containers.  
(A) additional                      (B) effective                      (C) political                      (D) disposable
4. “Block Here” is a small but useful new feature in Gmail that allows people to get rid of \_\_\_\_\_ letters.  
(A) concerned                      (B) objective                      (C) annoying                      (D) competitive
5. The sexual content of this commercial is \_\_\_\_\_ to some people, especially children and women. They feel disgusted with it.  
(A) influential                      (B) prosperous                      (C) devoted                      (D) offensive
6. *Forbes* magazine praised Jeremy Lin’s excellent performance in basketball for breaking the cultural \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) deadline                      (B) barrier                      (C) decline                      (D) theory
7. The dust \_\_\_\_\_ at the Formosa Fun Coast water park aroused the awareness of public security.  
(A) exploration                      (B) exhaustion                      (C) exposure                      (D) explosion
8. After Emma immigrated to Canada, she tried hard to adjust herself to the western culture.  
(A) infect                      (B) adapt                      (C) admire                      (D) exceed
9. Using electronic devices is banned on domestic flights because it may interfere with the communication between the pilots and the control tower.  
(A) internal                      (B) exceptional                      (C) international                      (D) exclusive
10. The movie *Fast and Furious* may be forced to postpone the sequel because of Paul Walker’s sudden death.  
(A) give in                      (B) pay off                      (C) put off                      (D) succeed in
11. There are a lot of things that money can’t buy, like love and genuine friendship. They are priceless.  
(A) invaluable                      (B) worthless                      (C) valueless                      (D) costly

II. 對話題(第 12-21 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：第 12 至 21 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

12. Teacher: It's been one month since the semester began. How's your schoolwork?  
 Student: I think everything is fine.  
 Teacher: Did you pass your engineering exam last week?  
 Student: I don't know. I did my best, but it was very difficult.  
 Teacher: As long as you \_\_\_\_\_, that's all that matters.  
 (A) took the plunge (B) went off the deep end  
 (C) pulled your socks up (D) gave it your best shot
13. Jill: Did you watch the TV yesterday? How miserable!  
 Paul: What happened?  
 Jill: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Paul: People should take precautions against typhoons.  
 (A) Miserable people are against typhoons.  
 (B) A typhoon is coming soon.  
 (C) Hundreds of people died because of the typhoon.  
 (D) People don't need to work when a typhoon comes.
14. Passenger: Excuse me, when can we get to the Heathrow Airport?  
 Flight attendant: It should be in ten minutes.  
 Passenger: Finally! After ten hours of flight, I'm extremely tired.  
 Flight attendant: Sir, please upright your seat and fasten your seatbelt. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Passenger: Sure!  
 (A) We'll start serving the meal soon.  
 (B) We'll land soon.  
 (C) We'll make an announcement soon.  
 (D) We'll take off soon.
15. Lulu: Nancy, you look so pale. What's wrong?  
 Nancy: My laptop broke down and I lost all my science reports.  
 Lulu: That's awful! What are you going to do now?  
 Nancy: I'm supposed to hand in my report in two days. \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) I'll have to start from scratch.  
 (B) My efforts finally paid off.  
 (C) It's none of your business.  
 (D) Better safe than sorry.
16. Wife: Honey, did you buy the motorcycle that you were looking at last week?  
 Husband: No, I decided not to.  
 Wife: Why not? I thought you liked it.  
 Husband: The price was so low that I smelled a rat.  
 Wife: You're probably right. For that price, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) we need to prepare pesticide  
 (B) they are indeed on sale  
 (C) they can make a fortune from it  
 (D) there must be something wrong with it

17. Vivian: I went to the book fair in the Taipei World Trade Center yesterday.  
Sandra: I went there, too. What do you think of it?  
Vivian: That's the best one I have ever been to during these years.  
Sandra: \_\_\_\_\_ There was a wide range of books on display, and the receptionists were very nice.  
(A) I am not on your side.  
(B) I feel the same way.  
(C) I disagree with you.  
(D) What do you mean by that?
18. Grace: Look at you! You look gorgeous! Where did you buy that dress?  
Emma: Thank you! I bought it in Amy's Shop.  
Grace: Amy's Shop! I like it very much. Actually, I go shopping there quite often.  
Emma: Me too! Well, I think \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) you deserve it  
(B) everything just goes fine  
(C) let's call it a day  
(D) great minds think alike
19. Ben: Did you hear what Mark said about nuclear power?  
Carl: Yes. It wasn't very logical, was it?  
Ben: No. Only someone \_\_\_\_\_ could say something like that. Obviously, he's too young.  
(A) wet behind the ears  
(B) in deep water  
(C) in your shoes  
(D) at the end of his rope
20. Dad: You look excited. What happened?  
Oliver: Dad, I am going to represent my class to join the speech contest.  
Dad: \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) How dare you!  
(B) You asked for it!  
(C) Congratulations! I am so proud of you.  
(D) You deserve it. You always get cold feet easily.
21. Betty: Have you ever heard of "GOMAJI"?  
Jessica: Never. What's that?  
Betty: It's a website that offers meal vouchers with low price.  
Jessica: It sounds great! How can I get those vouchers?  
Betty: \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) I suggest you take a rest.  
(B) Just sign up to become a member.  
(C) You are right about it.  
(D) It's my pleasure.

### III. 綜合測驗(第 22-31 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 22 至 31 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

#### ▲閱讀下文後，作答第 22-26 題

Many girls suffer from eating disorder. Here is a story about a girl 22 Helen. It all started with the bad feeling Helen 23 about herself. In order to look more beautiful on the outside, she cut down on what she ate each day. For months, the only thing she ate every day was a teaspoon of nonfat yogurt. 24 her new eating habit worked very well. She became thinner and thinner. However, she also suffered from lack of 25. She couldn't sleep at night, and this made her unable to focus on her schoolwork during the day. Not until she got sick 26 the importance of health. Now Helen has fully recovered from her illness (known as anorexia). What's better, she has learned to focus on who she is instead of how she looks.

22. (A) who named                      (B) named                      (C) whose name                      (D) that names
23. (A) had                      (B) thought                      (C) thinking                      (D) having
24. (A) She seemed                      (B) There seemed to be  
(C) It seemed                      (D) She seemed to have
25. (A) fertility                      (B) intelligence                      (C) potential                      (D) nutrition
26. (A) that she realized                      (B) did she realize  
(C) she realized                      (D) she realizing

#### ▲閱讀下文後，作答第 27-31 題

Self-efficacy is a person's strong belief in their own ability to succeed. Although everyone can dream of achieving success, many people quit when things get tough. But people with high self-efficacy 27 through difficulties. They make changes and do 28 is necessary to reach their goals. South African Oscar Pistorius has high self-efficacy, 29 his legs were cut off below the knees when he was a baby. He won't let the word "disabled" hold him back. 30 no lower legs, he decided to run in 2004. Believing in his own ability, he even won a court ruling which 31 him to compete in the Olympic Games.

27. (A) persist                      (B) resist                      (C) insist                      (D) consist
28. (A) which                      (B) whatever                      (C) as long as                      (D) by no means
29. (A) for                      (B) if                      (C) even though                      (D) ever since
30. (A) Despite he has                      (B) Despite having  
(C) In spite that                      (D) In spite
31. (A) allowed                      (B) let                      (C) left                      (D) approved

### IV. 閱讀測驗(第 32-41 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個題目，為第 32 至 41 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

## ▲閱讀下文後，作答第 32-36 題

CSI (Crime Scene Investigation) is a weekly program that gives its audience a deep look into the methods of criminal science. Each week the CSI team collects samples of blood, hair, and prints from shoes and fingers from the scene of a crime. All these things are taken back to the laboratory to be analyzed. Although CSI is television entertainment, there is a lot of science in every episode. It explores a very important part of criminal science, DNA, which is ***crucial*** in identifying the victim and the criminal.

Each person has a unique set of DNA that belongs to *only* him or her. The CSI team can find DNA in hair, blood, very small pieces of skin, and other things from a human body—whether that body is dead or alive. Resembling a long, twisted ladder, the DNA has special arrangement for each person. Actually, no two people in the world have exactly the same arrangements; therefore, the police can use it to identify someone who committed a crime.

The DNA information can also be used as evidence in court. While it can be used to prove that a person is guilty of a crime, it can also clear someone's crime. Thanks to DNA, many people of those who have been wrongly accused of a crime have regained their freedom.

32. What is the article mainly about?
- (A) A commercial of a popular TV program.  
 (B) How criminal science help police identify the victim and criminal.  
 (C) The ways DNA influenced entertaining industry.  
 (D) An introduction of a well-known science fiction.
33. According to this article, what is CSI?
- (A) It's a Hollywood movie.  
 (B) It's an organization which belongs to the US government.  
 (C) It's a popular drama series.  
 (D) It's a science method to identify the criminal.
34. Which of the following words has the closest meaning to the word "***crucial***" in this passage?
- (A) critical (B) dependable  
 (C) impressive (D) remarkable
35. According to this passage, when the CSI team arrived at the criminal scene, they \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) gathered samples of blood, hair and finger prints  
 (B) video-taped everything  
 (C) explored the criminal science  
 (D) tried to find the victim's dead body
36. Based on the passage, which of the following about DNA is true?
- (A) DNA can only be found when someone is alive.  
 (B) Twins have the same DNA.  
 (C) DNA can be evidence to prove a person's innocence.  
 (D) Scientists like to do experiments with animals' DNA.

## ▲閱讀下文後，作答第 37-41 題

Shakespeare's famous play "*The Merchant of Venice*" contains many different themes. One of the clearest is that women can be just as capable as men, and often more so. Portia pretends to be a man, speaks in defense of Antonio and even saves his life by getting the Duke of Venice to rule in his favor.

Another theme is that a person who seeks revenge will eventually be destroyed by it. Shylock wants revenge against his enemies, especially Antonio, who have treated him badly because he is a Jew. However, Shylock turns out to be the one who suffers most. Shakespeare seems to suggest that Shylock should have tried to get justice instead of revenge.

“Don’t judge a book by its cover” is another lesson of the play. Many men want to marry the beautiful and wealthy Portia. She makes some of them perform a task. They must select one of the three containers, made of gold, silver, and lead respectively. It is the plain lead container that holds the key to her heart. There is a message in it: “Not all that glitters is gold.”

Shakespeare tries to demonstrate that great wealth and privilege do not in themselves bring happiness. Portia and her love Bassanio both express feelings of sadness without any obvious cause. Portia’s servant Nerissa points out that those who have too much can often be just as miserable as those who have nothing. Happiness doesn’t lie in material things.

Of course, a great playwright like Shakespeare can’t be content with merely these themes in one play. Go read it on your own, and you will find many more meaningful lessons!

37. Which of the following is **NOT** suggested by the passage?
- (A) *The Merchant of Venice* has only two different themes.  
 (B) *The Merchant of Venice* is about human relationships.  
 (C) The Duke of Venice is a man with a lot of power.  
 (D) Shakespeare felt women and men are equal in terms of capability.
38. From the passage, we can guess that Antonio \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) has a great deal of money  
 (B) wants to get revenge on Shylock  
 (C) has sympathy for Jewish people  
 (D) is involved in a court case
39. What does Portia probably say to the man who wants to marry her?
- (A) You need to speak in my defense.  
 (B) You need to be a very rich man.  
 (C) You have to make the correct choice.  
 (D) You have to give me gold or silver.
40. Shakespeare uses Portia and Bassanio to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) demonstrate the importance of wealth  
 (B) show us that money isn’t everything  
 (C) point out that most people are unhappy  
 (D) explain why Nerissa is so jealous
41. What can we learn about Nerissa from the passage?
- (A) She is Bassanio’s servant.  
 (B) She believes that the rich can also be miserable.  
 (C) She believes that the rich are much happier than the poor.  
 (D) She leads a miserable life.

第二部分：非選擇題(第 1 至 3 題，每題 6 分，共 18 分)

I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. Jody Chiang is a p ① singer, who has given hundreds of p ② all over the world.  
江蕙是一位專業的歌手，曾在世界各地有好幾百場表演。

II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. The construction/more difficult than/was far/of the Suhua highway/anyone had imagined  
提示：重組上列提供的字以完成句子。

III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文。並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. Pauline 是我遇過最幽默的老師。

【以下空白】